



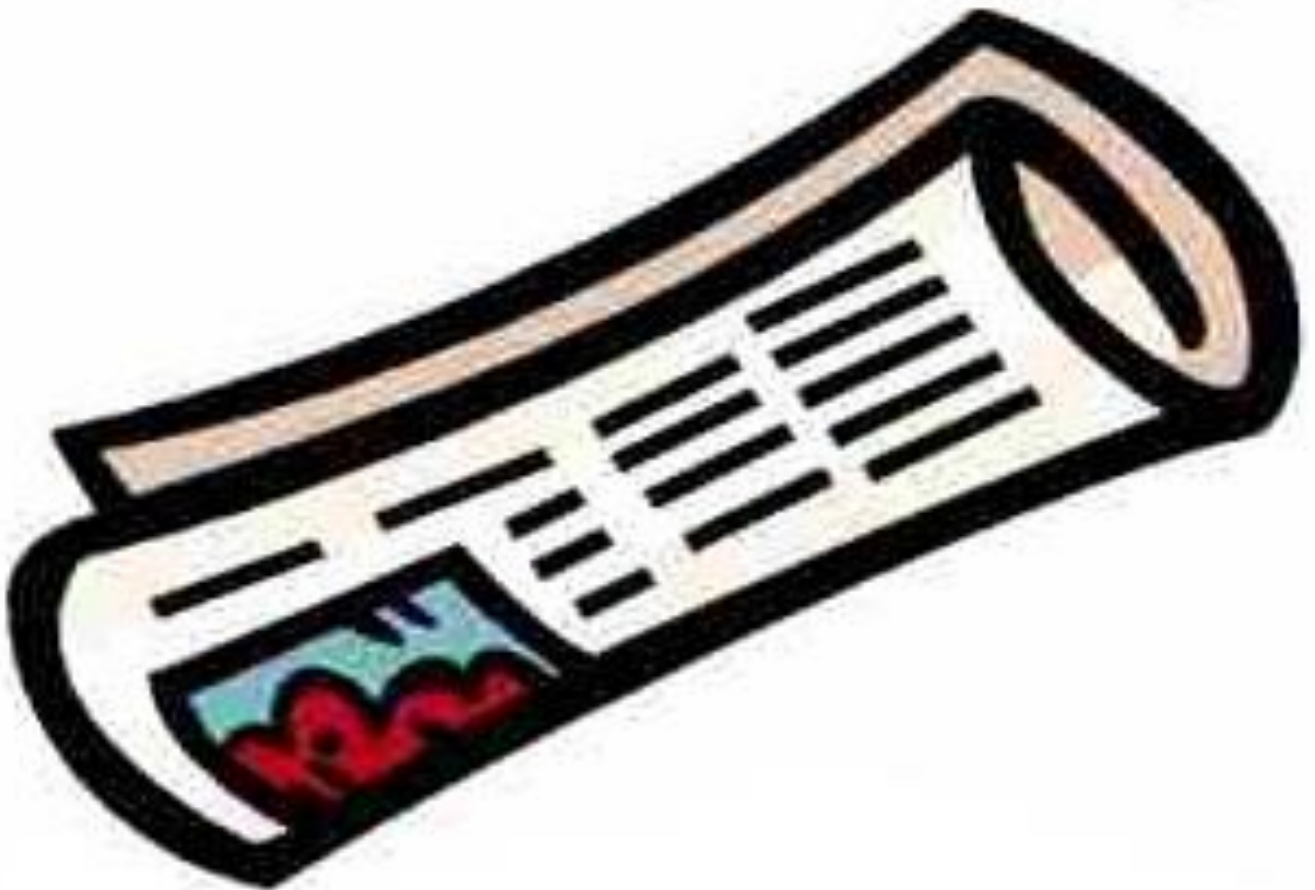
# RAINBOW SCHOOL

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## Newsletter

# Teacher's Corner

## Positive Attitude towards Others Shortcomings

One of the causes of anger is that man does not tolerate the shortcomings or mistake of others. The right things to do in this case is not to be annoyed at their weaknesses but to mark his own tendencies which lead to anger and then watch how his own shortcomings can be overcome. If anyone commits a mistake or fails to understand a point and does not accept it, we should bring about a change in his view only by means of sympathetic understanding and by tactfully making him understand our point of view. When we do not like others to lose temper it is necessary that we dispel anger from our own minds.

**Ranjana Juneja**

## मुस्कराते रहिए.....

मानव जीवन संघर्षों से परिपूर्ण है: जो उसे सदैव तनावग्रस्त रखते हैं। निराशा से भरे जीवन को आशा से भरता है... हास्य। ईश्वर ने केवल मनुष्य को ही ऐसा प्राणी बनाया है जो हँसकर गंभीर माहौल को भी खुशी से भर देता है। हास्य हमारी सरलता, सहजता और पवित्रता का द्योतक है। हम भौतिक सुखों का आनंद प्राप्त करने के लिए तनाव, चिंताओं, कुंठाओं का पुतला मात्र बनकर रह गए हैं लेकिन क्षण भरकी हँसी इन सभी से मुक्ति दिला देती है। उद्यानों में लोग ठाके मारकर जोर-जोर से हँसते नजर आते हैं। इसके द्वारा वे अपने रक्त संचार को दृढ़ रखकर निरोगी बने रहना चाहते हैं। हँसमुख व्यक्ति सदैव समाज का केंद्र बिंदु बना रहता है उसकी संगति उस लाफिंग गैस के समान है जो ना चाहते हुए भी हँसने पर मजबूर कर देती है। हास्य से तात्पर्य उच्छृंखल होने से कतई नहीं है अपितु कुंठावर्जन से है। आनंद के छोटे-छोटे क्षणों को हाथ से ना जाने दे बस मुस्कराते रहिए और मुस्कराते रहिए.....

**Neelam Goel**

# Student's Corner

## Working Under Stress

People either deteriorate or show a productive growth while working under stress. It all depends on judgement and the way he/she faces the problem. Most students face it during the board exams for the first time. Hopes of parents and teachers set so high which makes these exams a horrible dream. To conquer it successfully a student needs a calm mind, commitment towards work and most importantly time management. Keeping enough time in your hand is the key to a better result, so work hard and "smart". Having a good communication with teachers and classmates, keeping your situation transparent with parents and accepting the failure regardless how good you've been in previous standards will be a major hole in this balloon of stress. Stay positive and hope for the best.

Tushar Jain  
CSE (Cyber Security), SRM IST  
Ex-Rainboid (2019-20 Batch)

## बुजुर्गों के प्रति हमारे कर्तव्य

परिवार के बुजुर्ग लोगों में नाना-नानी,दादा -दादी आदि लोग होते हैं।आमतौर पर घर के मुखिया को ये उपाधि दी जाती है। सामान्यतः व्यक्ति साठ साल से अधिक की आयु में बुजुर्ग कहलाता है।हमें अपने बुजुर्गों से प्यार से पेश आना चाहिए तथा उनको सेहत से जुड़े हुए सभी तरीकों से अवगत कराना चाहिए।उनकी दवाई का खयाल रखना चाहिए।बुजुर्गों के पास अनुभवों का खज़ाना होता है।हमें उनसे हर बात में सलाह मशवरा लेकर उनके अनुभव का फ़ायदा उठाना चाहिए।जो हम आज देख रहे हैं या जिस परिस्थिति में हम आज हैं,इस सबसे वे बहुत पहले ही गुज़र चुके हैं इसलिए उनकी बातों पर गुस्सा करने की बजाए उनकी बात को मानना चाहिए।आजकल की चीजों से वे ज़्यादा परिचित नहीं हैं इसलिए समय मिलने पर हमें भी उनको कुछ नया सिखाते रहना चाहिए।दादी ,नानी के देसी नुस्खे आजकल की दवाइयों से कहीं ज़्यादा लाभदायक होते हैं।परंतु,हमें उनकी बात मानने में संशय रहता है।केवल अपने परिवार के ही नहीं अपितु हमें सभी बुजुर्गों से सम्मानपूर्वक पेश आना चाहिए और उनसे राय लेते रहना चाहिए।किसी ने सच ही कहा है” जिस घर में बुजुर्गों की राय नहीं ली जाती,वहाँ वकीलों की राय लेनी पड़ती है।”

ताहा नदीम खान

कक्षा ७अ

## इतिहास में क्यों प्रसिद्ध है 26जनवरी

1. 26 जनवरी सन् 1530 को बाबर की मृत्यु हुई।
2. 26 जनवरी सन् 1531 को हुमायूँ ने शेरशाह को जीता।
3. 26 जनवरी सन् 1554 को सम्राट जहांगीर का जन्म हुआ।
4. 26 जनवरी सन् 1632 को अंग्रेज सर्वप्रथम काबुल पहुंचे।
5. 26 जनवरी सन् 1730 को भारत की राजधानी दिल्ली में नादिरशाह ने प्रवेश किया।
6. 26 जनवरी सन् 1762 को अंग्रेजों और टीपू सुल्तान की सेना में युद्ध हुआ।
7. 26 जनवरी सन् 1814 को ईस्ट इंडिया कंपनी की कलकत्ता में सन्धि हुई।
8. 26 जनवरी सन् 1818 को भारत में नारियों की बिक्री को जुर्म ठहराया गया।
9. 26 जनवरी सन् 1861 को 'स्वेज' नामक नहर का निर्माण हुआ।
10. 26 जनवरी सन् 1868 को हिन्दूस्तान का कानून पास हुआ।
11. 26 जनवरी सन् 1876 को प्रथम रेल कलकत्ता से मुंबई तक चली।
12. 26 जनवरी सन् 1881 को प्रथम टेलीविजन की प्रणाली मुंबई तक आरम्भ हुई।
13. 26 जनवरी सन् 1884 को बी0बी0सी0 रेडियो स्टेशन पूर्ण हुआ।
14. 26 जनवरी सन् 1950 को भारत वर्ष का संविधान लागू हुआ।
15. 26 जनवरी सन् 1950 को भारत वर्ष गणतंत्र घोषित किया गया।

अनन्या चुघ

8-ई

## बदलाव की आंधी

बदलाव की आंधी में बहे जा रहे हैं,  
कोई तो बताए हम कहां जा रहे हैं।  
सफर है लंबा मंजिलें भी दूर हैं,  
मंजिल मिलेगी एक दिन बस यही कहे जा रहे हैं।  
ज़माने से कट कर खुद में ही सिमट गए हैं।  
जमाना खराब है सबको समझा रहे हैं।  
मां को मोम पिता को डेड कर दिया,  
जाने कौन सी संस्कृति अपना रहे हैं।  
रिश्ते नाते सभी पुराने लगने लगे हैं,  
बना कर सीढ़ियां उनकी आसमां पर चढ़े जा रहे हैं।  
खिलखिला कर हंसना तो भूल बैठें हैं कभी के,  
बस सेल्फी में स्माइल दिए जा रहे हैं।  
में डॉक्टर बन जाऊं या इंजिनियर बन जाऊं,  
बस औलाद अच्छी बनने से घबरा रहे हैं।  
जिंदगी अच्छे से सेटल हो जाय मेरी,  
बस इसी उम्मीद में जिए जा रहे हैं।  
बदलाव की आंधी में बहे जा रहे हैं।  
अपूर्वा सोनी कक्षा - सात (ब)

## EXCESSIVE USE OF TECHNOLOGY

Effects of excessive use of technology →

- It causes digital eye strain.
- It causes headache and depression in young children.
- It causes musculoskeletal problem.
- It causes sleeping problem in kids.
- It makes children and young ones violent.
- It causes anxiety problem.
- It causes mental disorder in young ones.
- It makes them emotional.
- It leaves us feeling isolated.
- It leads to neck pain and bad posture.
- It makes people separate from their families.
- It makes young ones aggressive.
- It leaves us feeling isolated.
- It makes young ones and children lazy.
- It distract them from studies.



# **Board's Special**

## **Class 12th**

### **CBSE Class 12 Accountancy:**

**Here are some of the must do's for students:**

- 1. Students should attempt at least 10 sample question papers in Accountancy and Business Studies each.**
- 2. Students must keep a proper time-watch as per the board standards. It should be around 2 minutes for 1 mark question and multiply accordingly based on the number of marks a question offers.**
- 3. Students should be careful and vigil about the formats of different questions like debit and credit column, and liability and asset and proper heading/title of the accounts and statements.**
- 4. Students are required to present working notes very neatly near the solution because working notes have a separate provision for marks.**
- 5. One more important advice for students is to read the question very carefully and present the answer to the point. Writing extra will not be awarding and only leads to the wastage of time. For instance, if question demands only capital account then there is no use of preparing the balance sheet simultaneously, or if the journal entries are asked then do not prepare the ledger account and balance sheet.**
- 6. Strictly avoid overwriting and cutting in the fair work. If needed, strike out the faulty work in a single go and plan to start the whole answer fresh.**
- 7. A commerce student specifically should have good command in calculations that comes through practice. This not only saves time but also assures the correctness of the answer.**
- 8. Order of all parts of a question is important and the answer should be attempted in that order only and all in one place. For instance, a revaluation account, partners' capital and balance sheet of a question should be done in order and one place only.**
- 9. To conclude the talk with one suggestion which is often overlooked is to keep your cool before the exam. Design and plan your answers during the reading time of question paper which can save you a lot of time.**

**All the best for your board exams.**

**By-Preeti Seth**

# Board's Special

## Class 12<sup>th</sup>

How to score Good Marks in Class 12

INFORMATICS PRACTICES (065) Paper

All the **best !**



**Dear students,** we all know success is not achieved in a single day. It is the sum of small efforts repeated day in and day out. Always try to defeat yourself. Create two instances of yourself present and past. Keep defeating your previous percentage, your present has to be perfect than your past. Your target should be always to do better than you have ever done before.

**HERE ARE FEW TIPS AND STRATEGIES YOU SHOULD FOLLOW FOR YOUR BOARD EXAMS.**

- (i) **ATTEMPT IN SEQUENCE:** - Always attempt your answers in sequence either in ascending order(1-40) or descending order(40-1). If you are not sure of any answer leave space for that answer in sequence.
- (ii) **MAKE SURE TO ATTEMPT FOR BEST POSSIBLE ANSWERS:** - In PART-A SECTION —I, you have to attempt any 15 questions from Question number 1-21, try to attempt the questions you know the best. Avoid exceeding the number of attempts as it will save your precious time.
- (iii) **ATTEMPT DIFFERENCE QUESTIONS BY EMPHASIZING ON PYTHON CODE FRAGMENTS:** - If the question(s) asked is from Unit-I(carries 2 marks or more), try to attempt the answer with the help of examples in Python as it helps you to present your answer in a better way.
- (iv) **PRESENT YOUR ANSWER FOR UNIT-2 USING SQL STATEMENTS:**As mentioned before, - If the question(s) asked is from Unit-2 (carries 2 marks or more), try to attempt the answer with the help Of examples in SQL.
- (v) **UNDERLINE ERROR CORRECTED CODE:** - If you are asked for finding the errors in the code either in Python or SQL, always underline the corrections.
- (vi) **FOR UNIT-3, PRESENT YOUR ANSWER USING DIAGRAMS:** - If the question asked (carries 2 or more marks) is from Computer Networks Unit, try to present the answer using labelled diagrams as in case of Topologies.
- (vii) **FOR UNIT-4, PRESENT YOUR ANSWER USING REAL LIFE EXAMPLES:**If the question asked (carries 2 or more marks) is from Societal Impacts Unit, try to attempt it using real life examples as in case of hacking, phishing, cyber bullying, plagiarism etc.
- (viii) **MAKE SURE YOU ATTEMPT ALL THE QUESTIONS:** -Even if you are not sure of any answer(still attempt that questions, there might be a possibility of getting some marks rather than leaving it blank.
- (ix) **INCASE THE CORRECT OPTION IS NOT GIVEN IN MCQ:** -There are very bleak chances of an error in question paper in board exam. Incase there is no correct answer from the options given then either attempt other question, if there is a choice or mention the correct answer with reason(s).
- (x) **BE CAREFUL WITH YOUR WEAK POINTS:** - Go through your answer sheets of PRE-BOARD exams and find your mistakes, take it as your mission to convert your weak points to your stronger ones.



**"YOUR FUTURE IS CREATED BY WHAT YOU DO NOT { TODAY } TOMORROW"**

- (xi) **PRACTICE FROM SAMPLE PAPERS:** -Do not look for answers without attempting the paper, after solving the sample paper look for the answers and be a checker yourself. It helps you to know the difficulty level of the paper.
- (xii) **DON'T BE IN A HURRY TO LEAVE THE EXAMINATION HALL:** - cross check your answer sheets twice, find your mistakes and try to resolve them. Add more important lines to the questions carrying more marks and Underline the key points or key words.

**IN THE END I WOULD SAY**

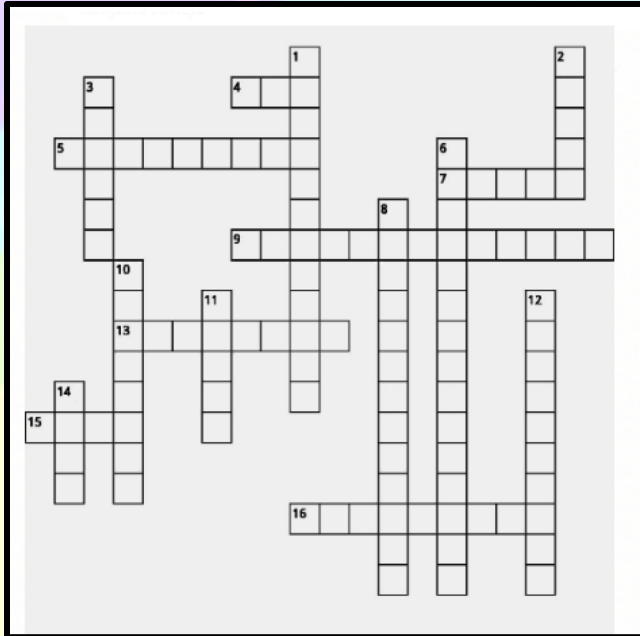
**"SUCCESS COMES ONLY TO THOSE WHO BELIEVE IN THEMSELVES AND ARE PREPARED TO WIN"**

**ALL THE BEST.**

**By-**

**Preeti Khullar**

# Knowledge Hunt



## Across

4. If you throw a blue stone into the Red Sea what will it become?
5. India's longest road arch bridge has been inaugurated in which Indian state?
7. Which is the only number that is spelt with letters arranged in alphabetical order?
9. First Governor of Uttar Pradesh ?
13. What is the other name of Satluj river?
15. What number do you get when you multiply all the numbers on a telephone number pad?
16. Where was Sarojini Naidu born?

## Down

1. Which Indian state becomes the first one to have two expressway airstrips?
2. What unit of time corresponds to 1/100 of a second?
3. What is the symbol for division called?
6. Which is the largest animal on land?
8. Which college in Cambridge did Sarojini Naidu attend?
10. What type of room has no doors or windows?
11. Where is International Court of Justice located?
12. Who is widely considered to be "Father of Mathematics" ?
14. Which number is not represented in roman numbers?

## Last edition's crossword puzzle answers

